

K-State Field Pea Variety Testing



Lucas Haag, Ph.D.

Assistant Professor / Northwest Area Agronomist
Northwest Research-Extension Center, Colby, Kansas



*Knowledge
for Life*

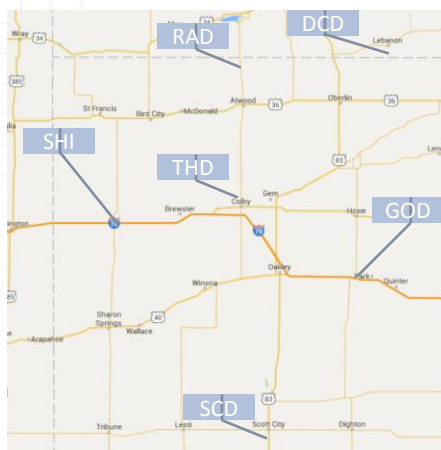
Procedures

- No-Till into row-crop residue
- Seeded with Great Plains Drill on 10"
- Targeted drop of 365,000 live seed / acre
- Granular inoculant at 1.5x recommended rate
- Plots are 5' x 40'
- 5 Replications
- Machine harvested



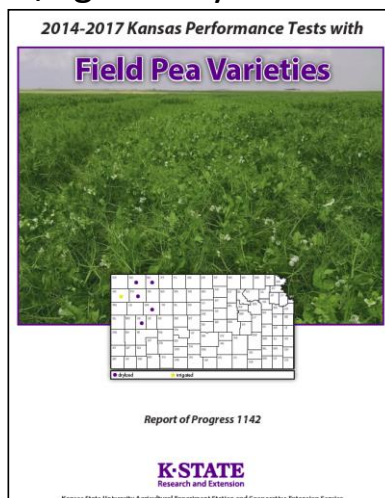
*Knowledge
for Life*

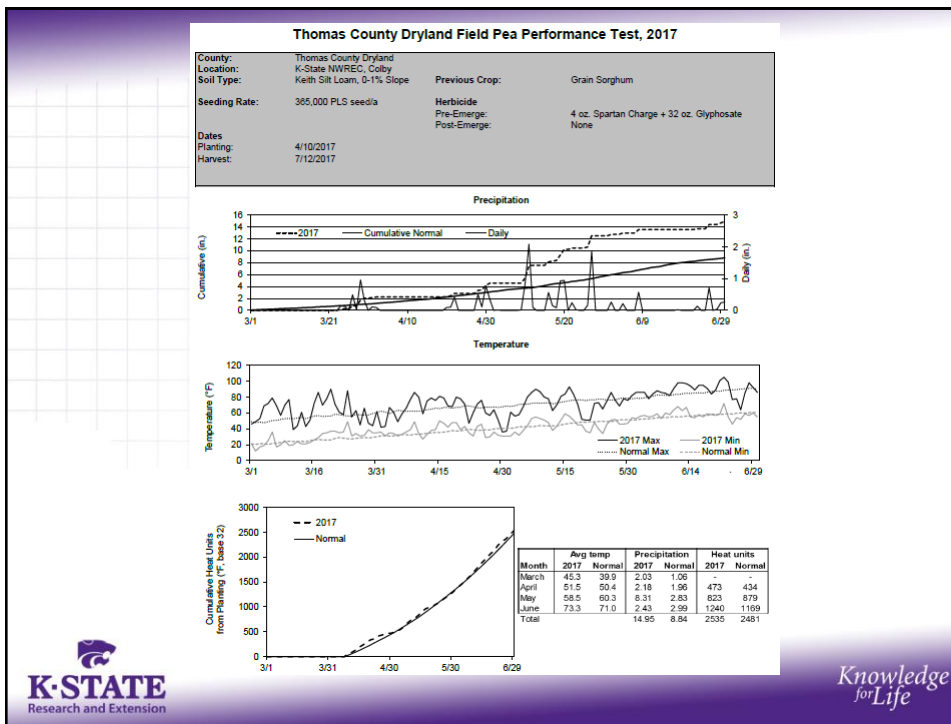
Field Pea VPT Locations



Trial Results and Field Pea Production Info

- www.northwest.ksu.edu/agronomy





Knowledge for Life

Thomas County Dryland Field Pea Performance Test, 2017

Company	Variety	Grain Yield, bu/a					2017					
		2017	2016	2015	2yr	3yr	Yield % of	Moisture	Test Weight	Plant Height	Bloom Date	Seeds / lb
		Avg	Avg	Test Avg	%	lb / bu	inches	DOY				
Legume_Logix	MP1907	42.1	--	--	--	--	134	13.2	63.7	25.0	162.0	2420
Great_Northern_Ag	Spider	39.0	23.2	--	31.1	--	124	12.2	64.6	23.4	159.4	2529
CDC/Meridian_Seeds	CDC_Inca	38.9	--	--	--	--	123	13.8	63.6	24.4	161.2	2691
Great_Northern_Ag	Salamanca	37.5	28.7	--	33.1	--	119	12.5	64.2	24.2	160.0	2495
PulseUSA	DS_Admiral	35.4	31.4	30.5	33.4	32.4	112	11.8	63.8	23.2	159.0	2693
Meridian_Seeds	AAC_Carver	35.3	28.2	28.6	31.8	30.7	112	13.9	62.5	24.8	160.2	2547
Photosyntech	PSTSP28	35.1	--	--	--	--	111	12.2	62.6	25.2	159.4	2729
PulseUSA	Dunwood	34.8	28.1	--	31.4	--	110	13.3	63.6	27.0	159.8	2540
Meridian_Seeds	Earlstar	34.8	28.6	32.0	31.7	31.8	110	12.3	63.4	24.4	158.4	2742
PulseUSA	Nette_2010	34.2	--	--	--	--	108	11.9	65.2	22.6	157.0	2800
CDC/Meridian_Seeds	CDC_Greenwater	33.5	--	--	--	--	106	13.7	63.2	23.2	162.0	2421
CDC/Meridian_Seeds	CDC_Amarillo	32.4	27.9	24.6	30.2	28.3	103	14.4	63.0	23.6	161.8	2472
Great_Northern_Ag	Bridger	31.5	29.4	--	30.5	--	100	12.4	64.4	23.6	158.0	2579
Meridian_Seeds	Jetset	30.3	35.0	--	32.7	--	96	12.6	63.9	23.0	158.0	2517
Photosyntech	PSTSP27	30.3	34.1	--	32.2	--	96	12.1	64.0	22.8	157.8	2490
Photosyntech	PSTSP29	30.2	--	--	--	--	96	13.5	62.3	23.4	160.4	2436
PulseUSA	SW_Midas	28.0	26.1	28.0	27.1	27.4	89	11.5	64.0	20.8	159.6	3091
Legume_Logix	Hyline	27.3	29.6	--	28.4	--	87	12.3	63.8	22.7	160.0	2510
CDC/Meridian_Seeds	CDC_Saffron	22.3	30.4	26.4	26.3	26.4	71	12.7	64.1	22.4	160.2	2609
	Average	31.5	29.5	24.7	30.5	28.6		12.9	63.7	23.2	159.7	2628
	LSD(0.05)	5.1	3.0	6.0	--	--		0.8	1.4	2.2	0.7	125



Knowledge for Life

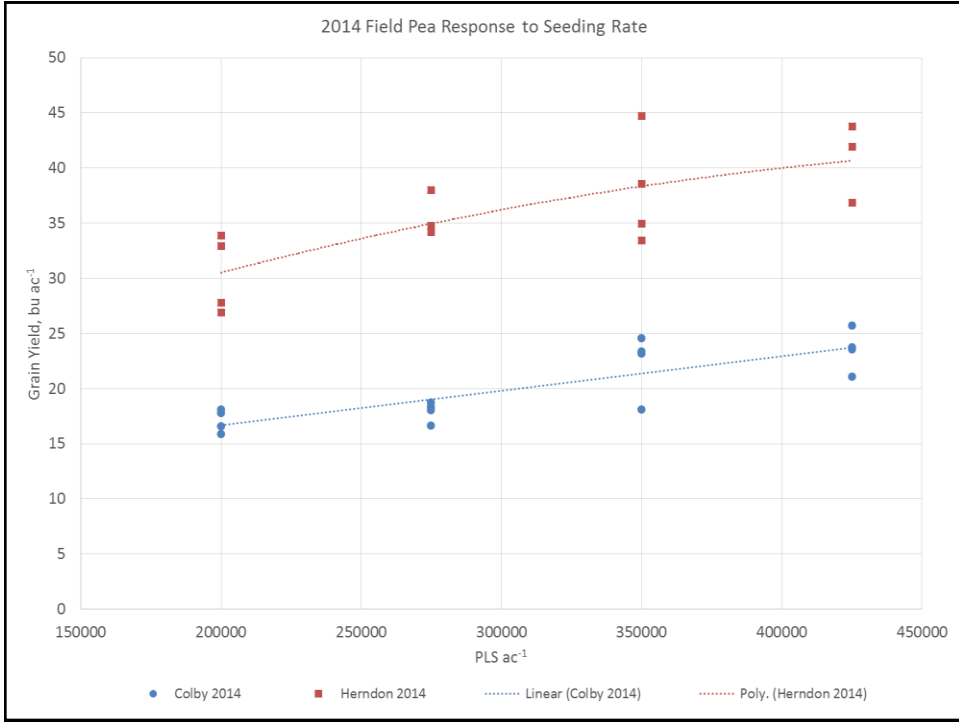
Number of Entries and Average Yields of Top Entries

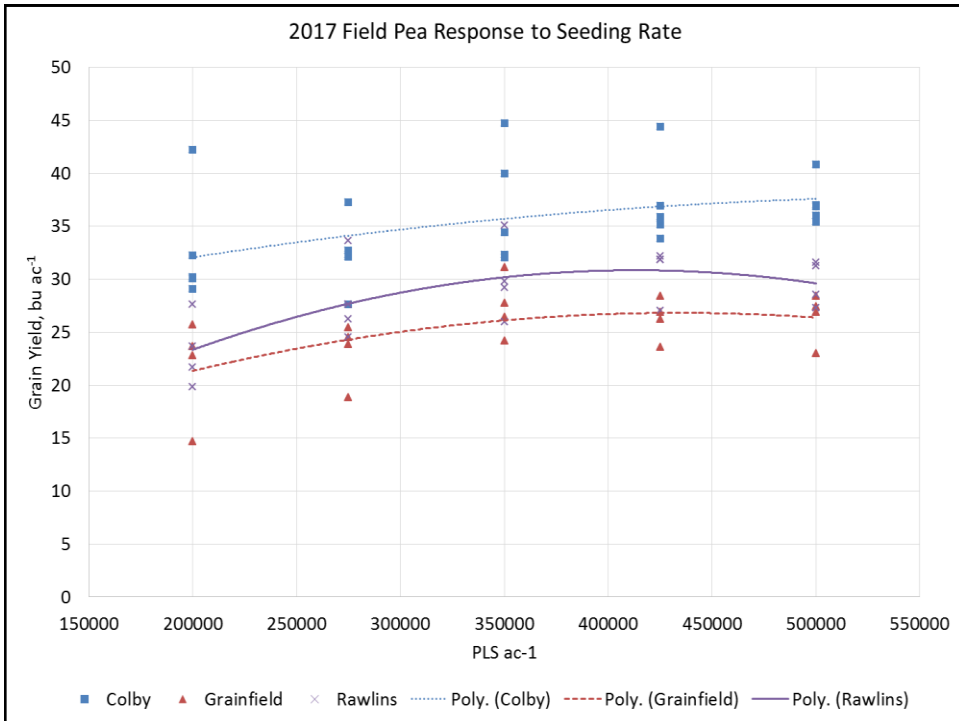
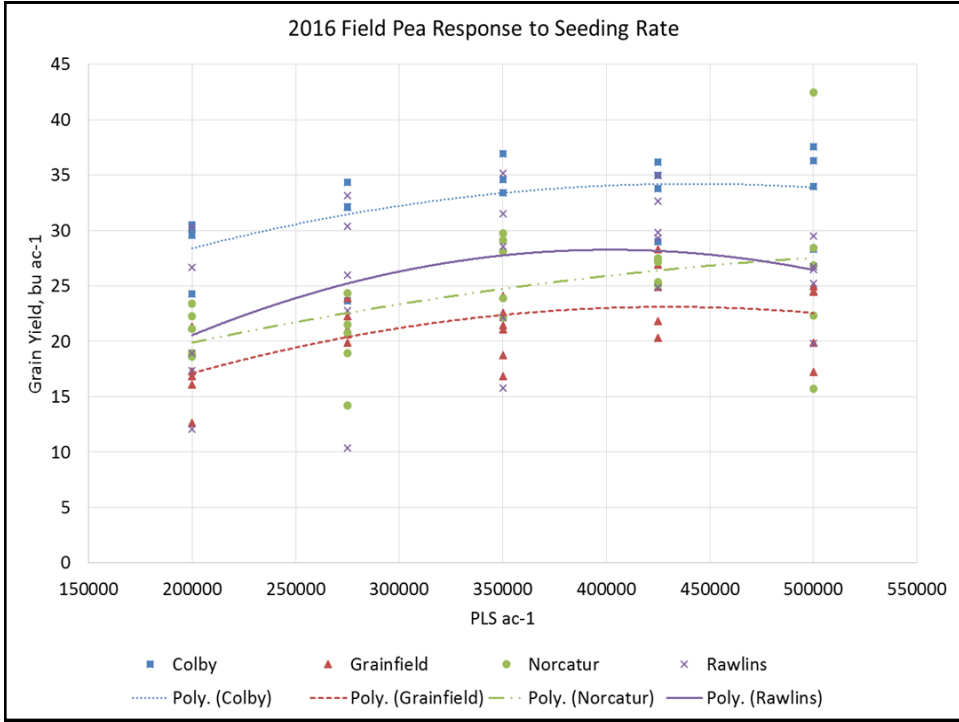
Location	2014		2015		2016		2017		Top Group Across Years
	Entries	Top Group Average Yield	Entries	Top Group Average Yield	Entries	Top Group Average Yield	Entries	Top Group Average Yield	
Rawlins	6	49.2	17	40.9	18	31.4	18	29.7	37.8
Thomas	6	28.2	18	30.6	22	33.8	20	39.3	33.0
Decatur	0	-	9	47.5	18	31.7	18	-	39.6
Gove	-	-	-	-	14	27.9	18	29.6	28.8
Scott	4	4.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.6
Sherman IRR	-	-	11	55.2	-	-	-	-	55.2

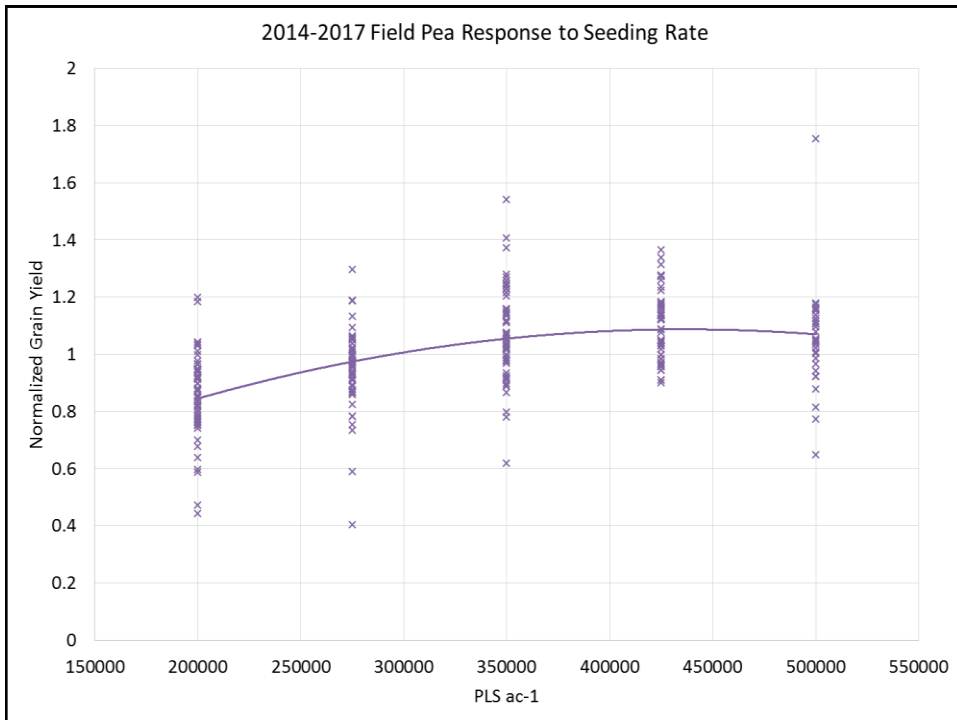
Across Years Variety Summary

Table 1. Across-years yield averages for field pea varieties at four locations in northwest Kansas.

Company	Variety	Multi-year average, per county							
		Rawlins		Thomas		Gove		Decatur	
		2 yr 2016-17	3 yr 2015-17	4 yr 2014-17	2 yr 2016-17	3 yr 2015-17	4 yr 2014-17	2 yr 2016-17	2 yr 2015-16
Great Northern Ag	Bridger	26.7	-	-	30.5	-	-	18.7	22
	Salmanca	29.6	-	-	33.1	-	-	20.2	24.8
	Spider	23.5	-	-	31.1	-	-	22.6	18.5
Legume Logic	Hyline	-	-	-	28.4	-	-	-	-
Meridian Seeds	AAC Carver	32.2	33.1	-	31.8	30.7	-	-	21.7
	CDC Amarillo	25.9	28.6	-	30.2	28.3	-	-	26.3
	CDC Saffron	24.5	28.3	-	26.3	26.4	-	-	24.3
	Earlystar	31.1	31.2	34.3	31.7	31.8	30	-	23
	Jetset	29.1	-	-	32.7	-	-	-	25.3
Photosyntech	PSTSP27	-	-	-	32.2	-	-	18.4	27.1
PulseUSA	DS Admiral	26.1	28.9	32.9	33.4	32.4	31.5	19.2	23.3
	Durwood	28.4	-	-	31.4	-	-	21.9	25.9
	SW Midas	23.3	28.4	33.6	27.1	27.4	26.6	26.6	22.3







Seeding Rate Summary

- K-State data would suggest our optimal seeding rate is likely higher than the 350,000 PLS/acre that we initially recommended to producers
- Current KSU recommendation is 365,000 PLS/acre

Seeding Rate Summary

Some of my thoughts on this from a crop physiologist perspective:

- Why might we need higher seeding rates than the Northern Plains?
 - As peas are moved south our conversion of yield components into actual grain yield is more limited
 - Fewer flowers converted into pods
 - Fewer seeds per pod
 - Therefore it possibly takes more plants/acre to maximize yield potential

Ongoing / Future Work

- Continuing Seeding Rate Studies
- In-Furrow Placement of MAP
- Fungicide Seed Treatments
- Identification of differences in heat stress tolerance



Fungicide Seed Treatments

- Seed Treatments
 - Untreated
 - Obvious (BASF)
 - VibranceMaxx (Syngenta)
 - Apron Maxx RTA (Syngenta)
- Seeded at 350,000 PLS
- Three locations

2017 Yield Results

	Rawlins	Gove	Thomas	
	-- bu/ac --			
Untreated	28.4	19.9	26.2	b
Obvious	28.5	19.6	28.4	a
VibranceMaxx	31.0	19.0	29.4	a
Apron Maxx RTA	.	.	28.2	ab
ANOVA				
P>F	0.5945	0.8694	0.049	
LSD	NS	NS	2.18	

Fungicide Seed Treatments

- Significant yield response to seed treatment at one of three locations. Response was very modest.
- 2017 Seed treatment trials were seeded towards the end of the planting window
- To really push the stresses where seed treatments are likely to make a difference we need to be on the early end of the window
- Will continue to evaluate in 2018